



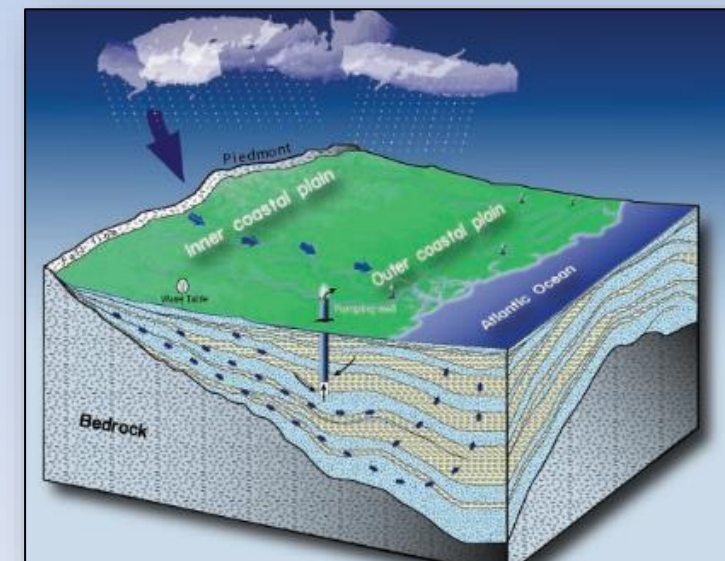
South Carolina Atlantic Coastal Plain Groundwater Availability Model

Bruce Campbell, Greg Cherry, Jason Fine

US Geological Survey – South Atlantic Water Science Center

Alex Butler - South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

Joe Gellici - South Carolina Department of Natural Resources



Focus Area Study / SCDNR Model Update

Combines funding sources:

- Internal USGS Water Census Program / Focus Area Study
- Cooperative funding from South Carolina Department of Natural Resources/USACOE
- Cooperative funding from South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

1) Water Census Program / Focus Area Study:

- Internal USGS funding from the SECURE Water Act
- Southeastern Atlantic Coastal Basins of the Carolinas

2) SCDNR/US ACOE Project

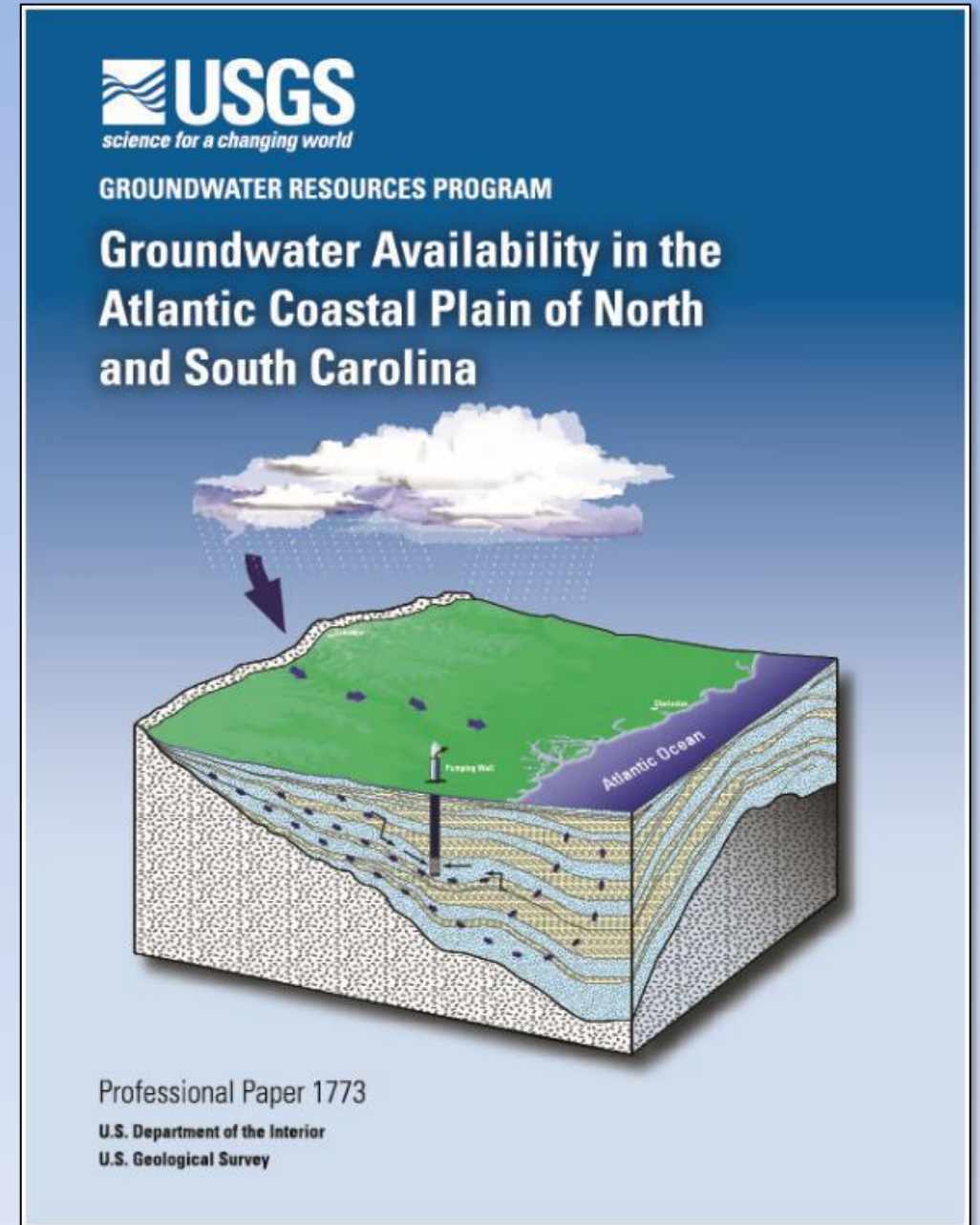
Funding to expand groundwater model area to include all of the SC Coastal Plain



USGS Groundwater Resources Program

Groundwater Flow Model of the Atlantic Coastal Plain of NC, SC, eastern GA, southern VA

- Calibrated to 2004 conditions
- Revised hydrogeologic framework
- Analysis of GW monitoring networks
- Climate change predictions



South Carolina Water Plan

South Carolina Department of Natural Resources

Recommendation:

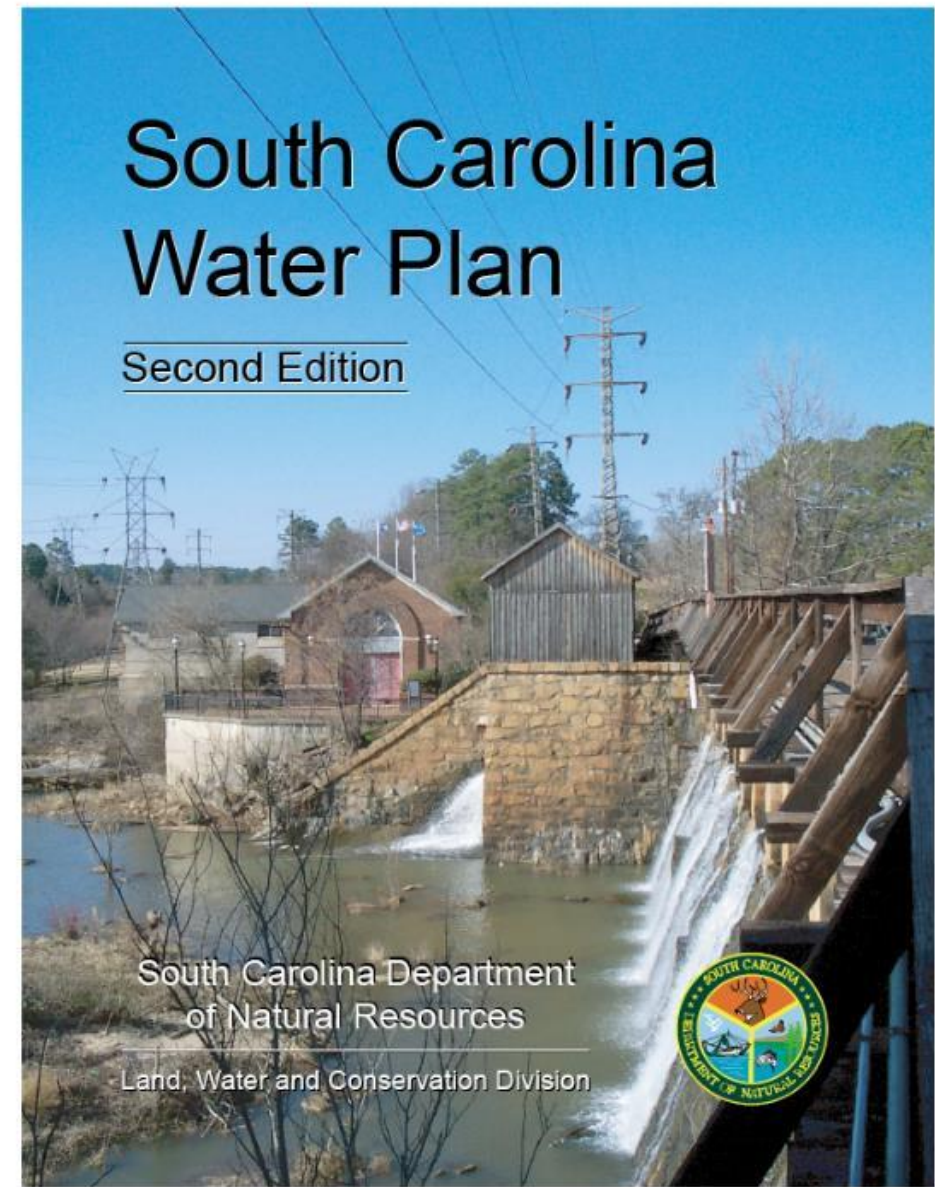
“A comprehensive ground-water flow model of the Coastal Plain should be developed and used to predict the effect of future pumping and to determine optimal well spacing's.”

South Carolina Water Plan

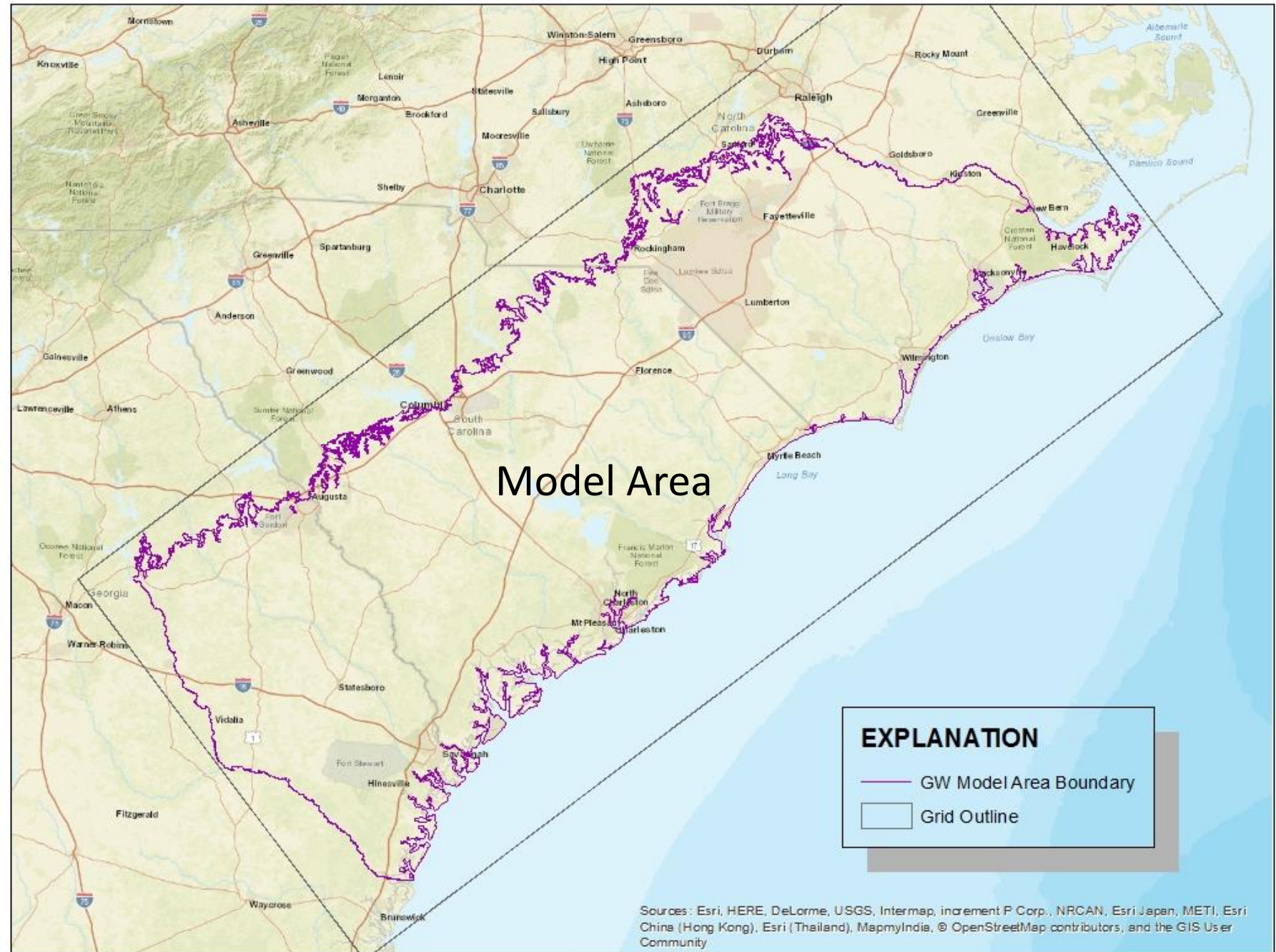
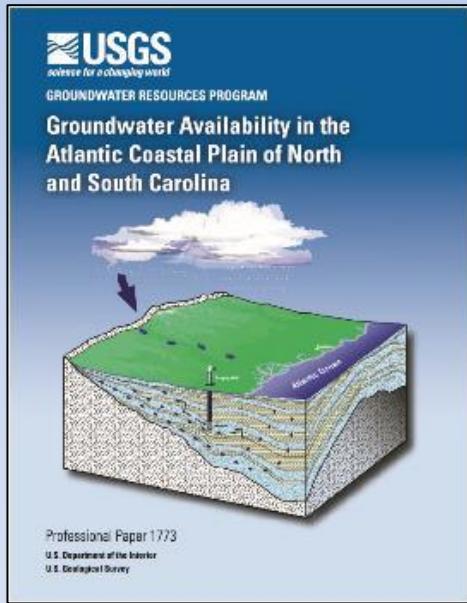
Second Edition

South Carolina Department
of Natural Resources

Land, Water and Conservation Division



Groundwater Model Area



Coastal Plain Issues

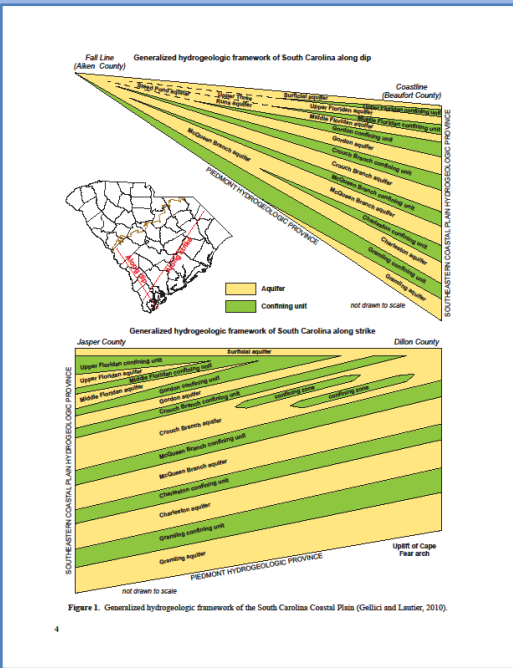
- Increase in Atlantic Coastal Plain population
- Increased demand on groundwater resources
- Groundwater quality issues
- Increased agricultural withdrawals
- Impact of increased groundwater withdrawals on surface water flows



Objectives

- Overall update the 2010 groundwater flow model
- Activating the entire surficial aquifer model layer
- Recharge from SWB Model
- Adding recent groundwater-related data (2005-2015)
- Refine the model grid from 2 x 2 miles to 2,000 x 2,000 ft
- Incorporate a more detailed representation of the Fall Line area
- Incorporate newer MODFLOW packages – Newton Formulation, Multi-Node Well Package
- Re-calibration, and apply the model to a series of scenarios



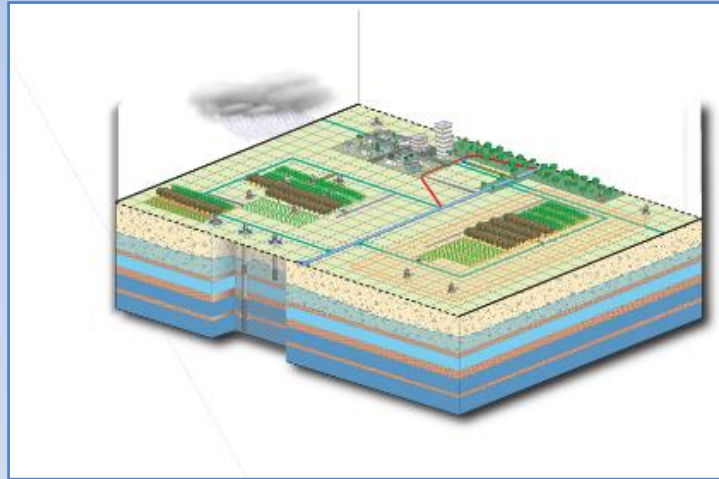


Framework

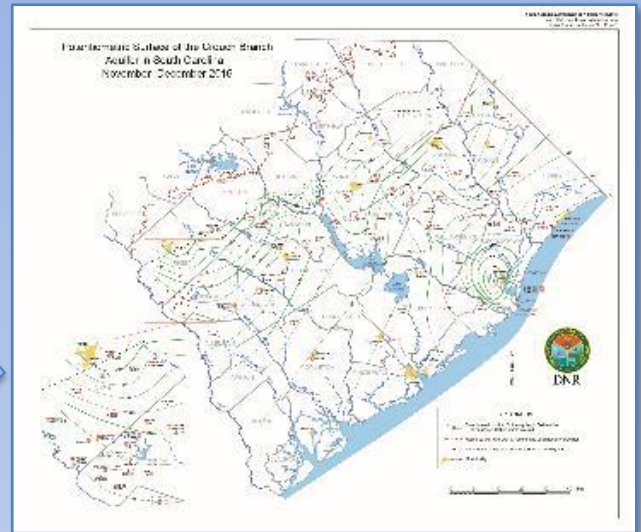
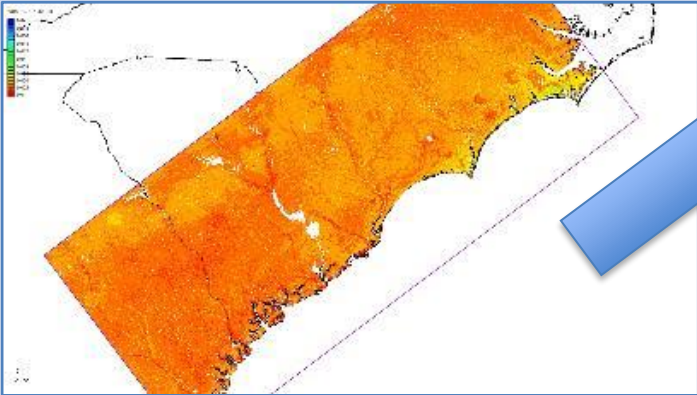
New GW Water-Use Data



Groundwater Model



Recharge Model



Potentiometric Maps

Groundwater Levels

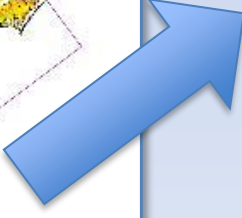
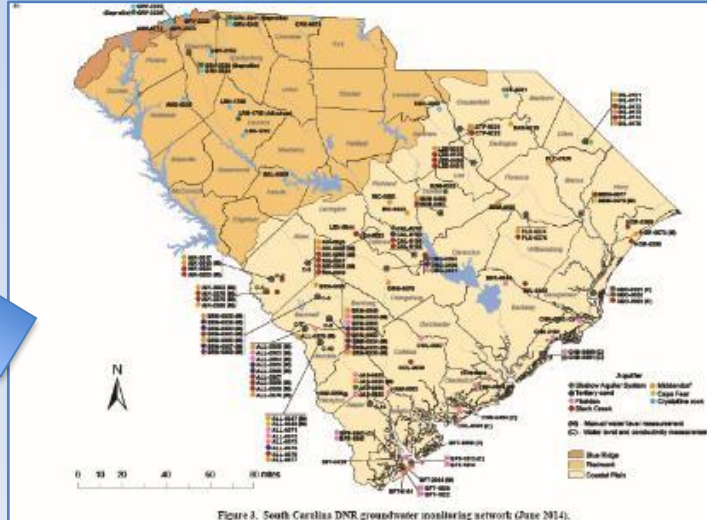


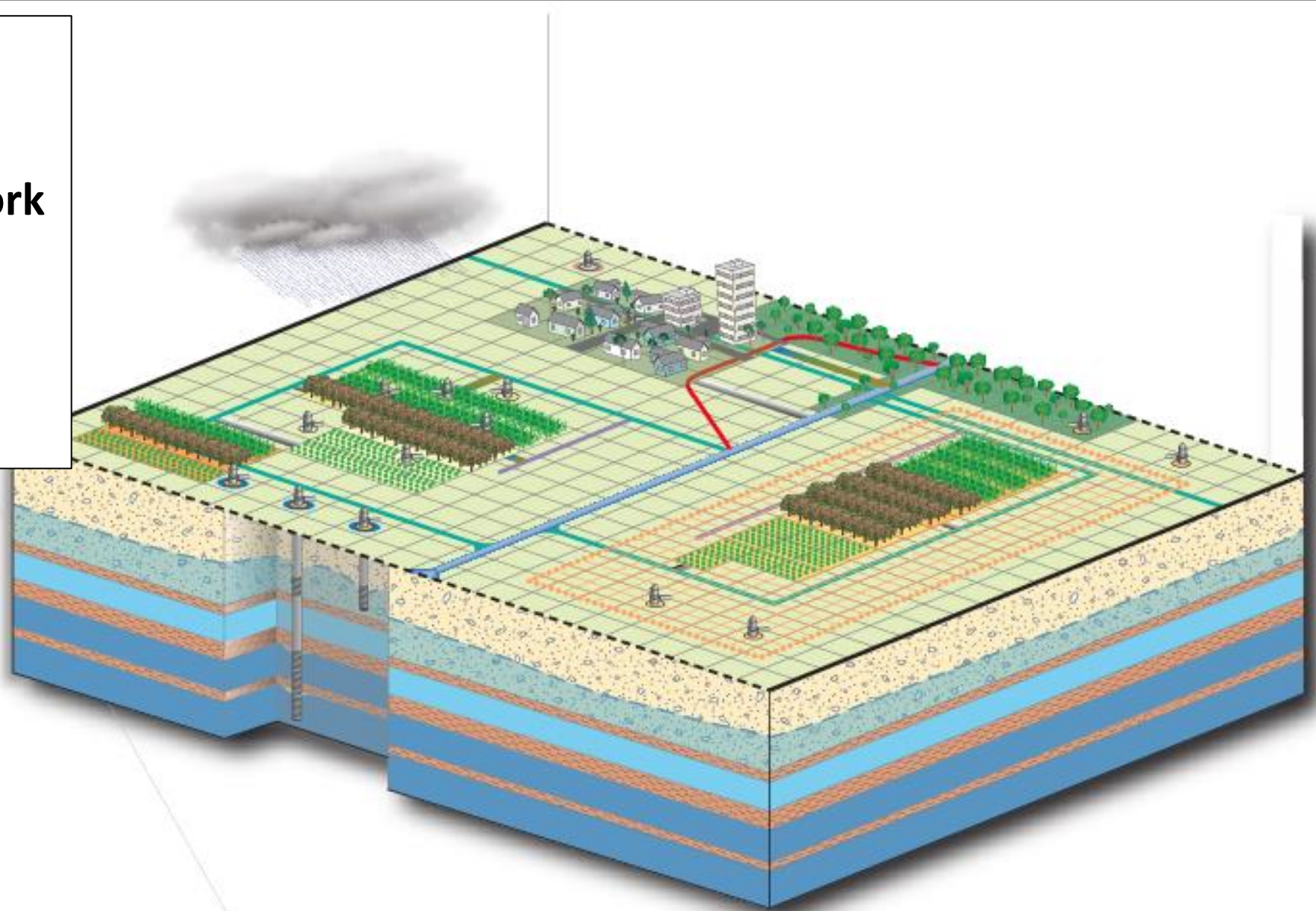
Figure 3. South Carolina DNR groundwater monitoring network (June 2014).

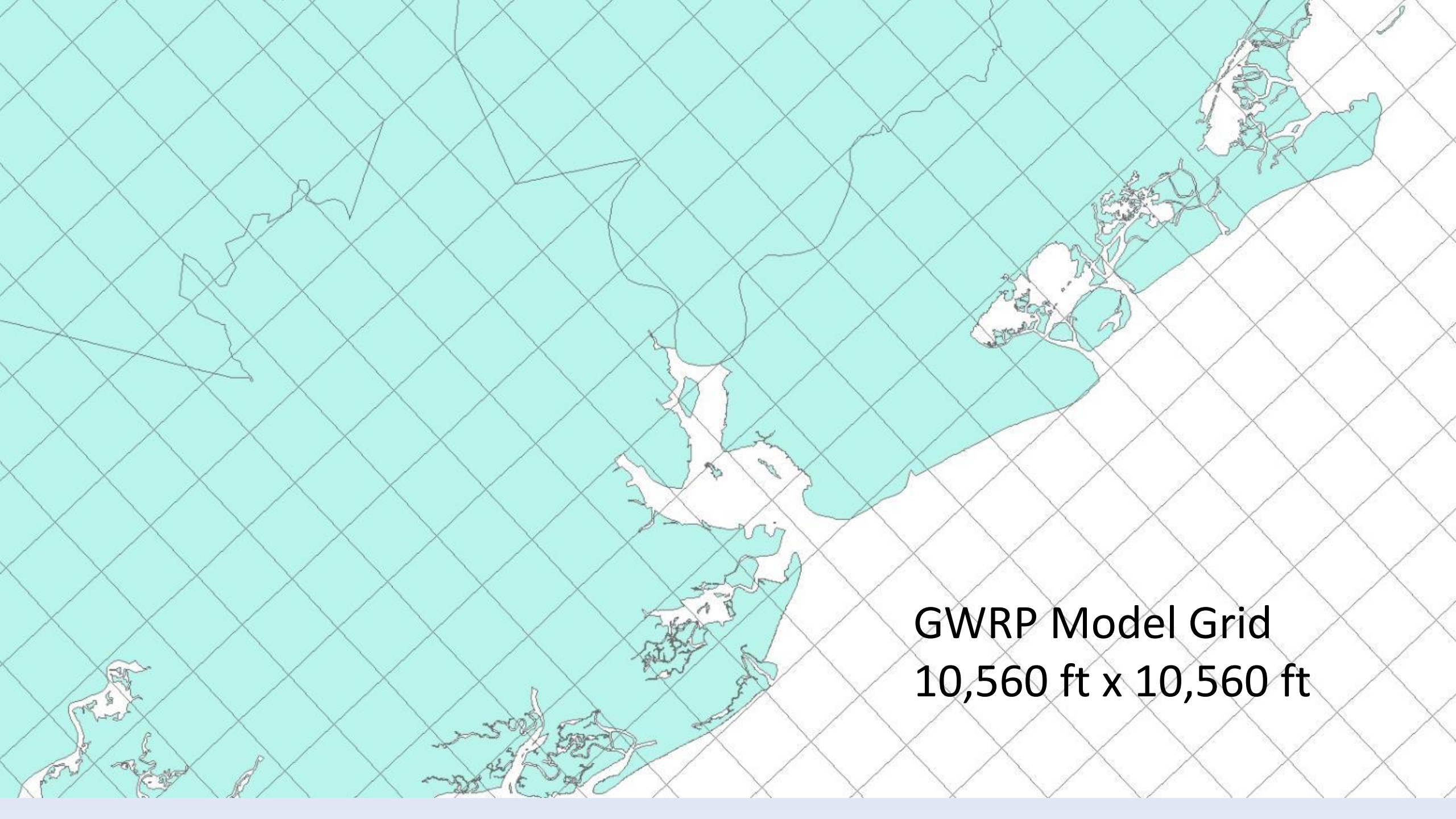
Primary inputs:

- Model Grid
- Hydrogeologic Framework
- Aquifer Properties
- Observation Data
- Boundaries
- Wells – Water Use Data

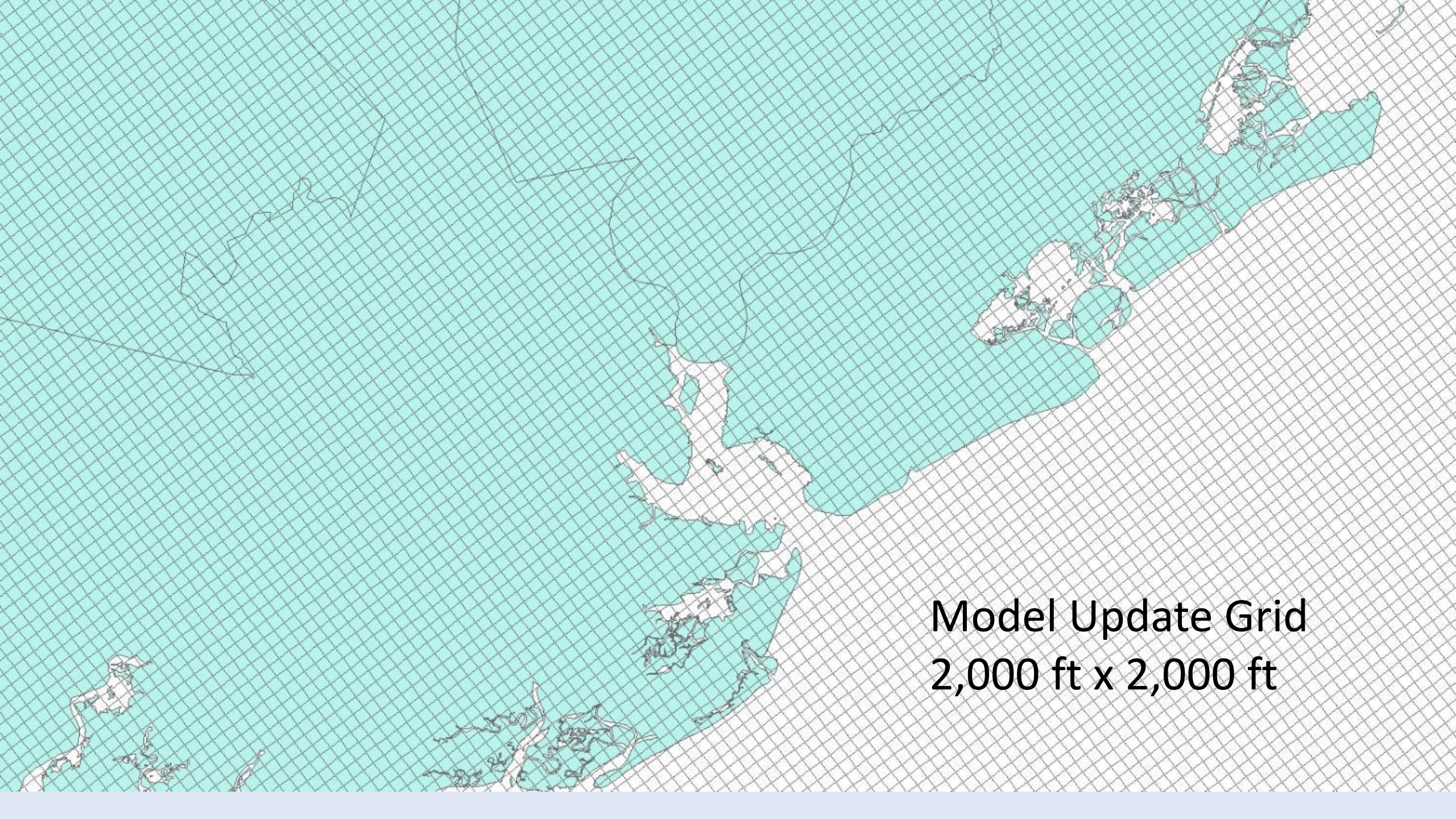
Primary Outputs:

- Groundwater Levels
- Budgets





GWRP Model Grid
10,560 ft x 10,560 ft



Model Update Grid
2,000 ft x 2,000 ft

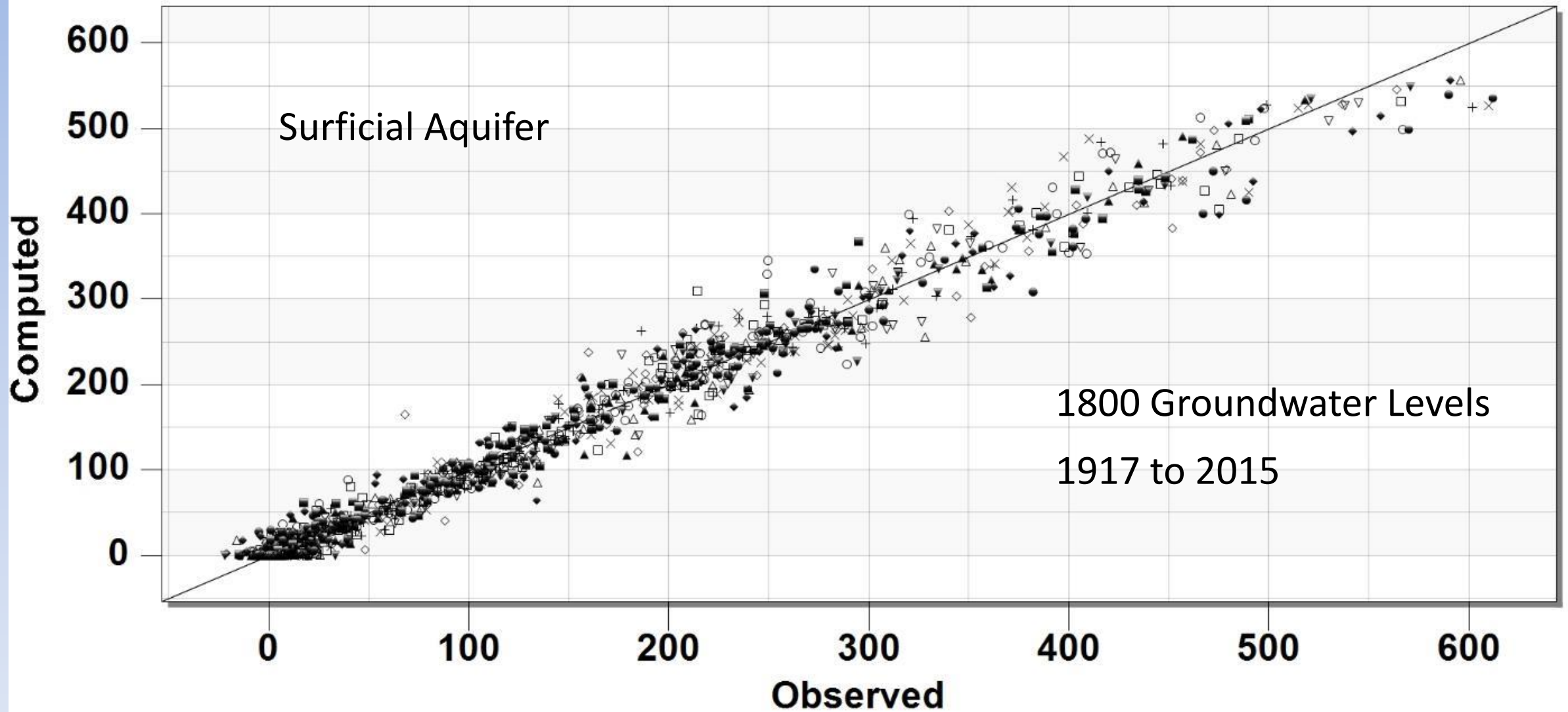
Model Calibration

- Parameter Estimation (Inverse Modeling)
- About 37,000 Groundwater Levels from 1904-2015
- 1685 Annual Base-Flow Calculations from 46 Stream Gages
 - Period of Gaging: 1930's - 2015
- 16 Model Layers – Aquifers and Confining Units



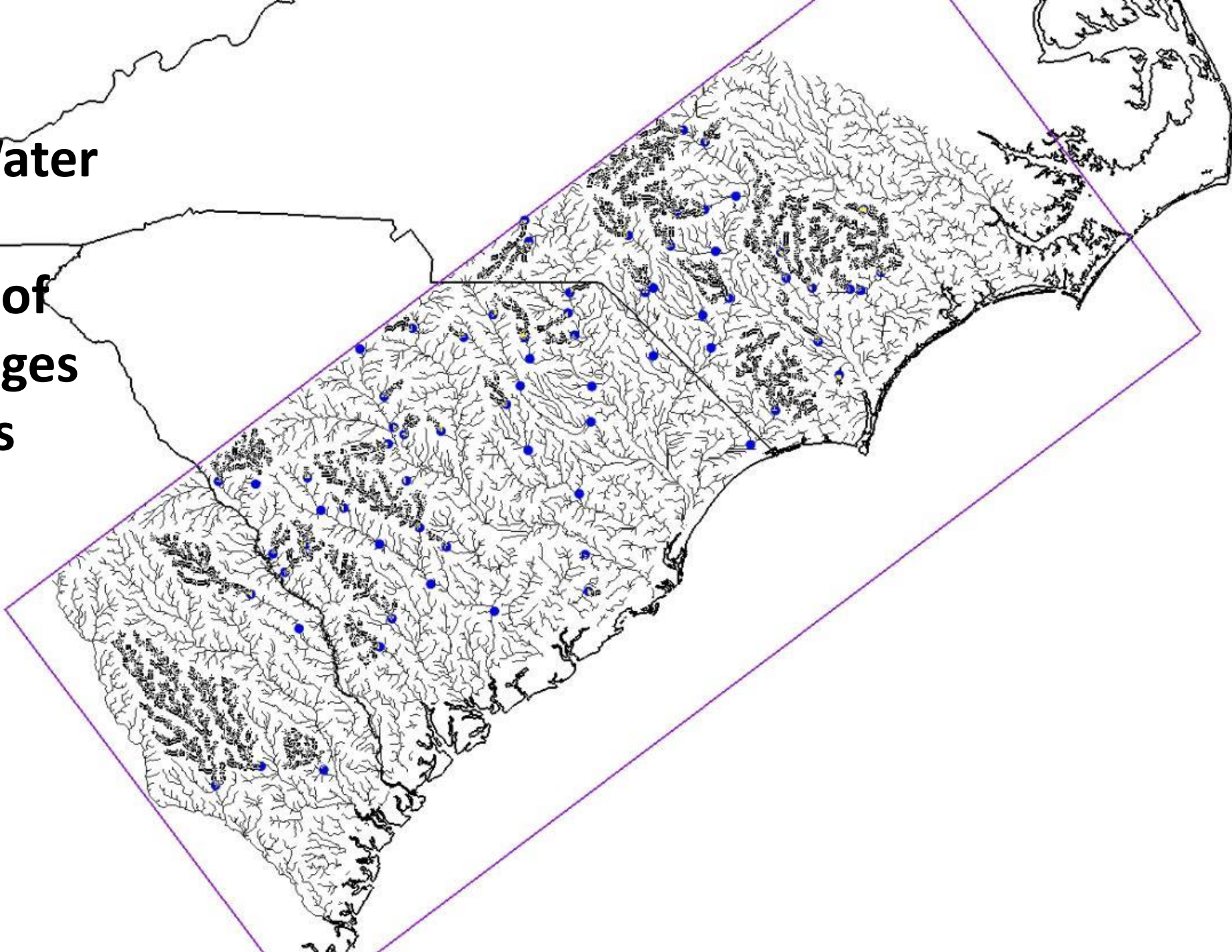
Computed vs. Observed Values

Trans. Head



**Simulated
Surface Water**

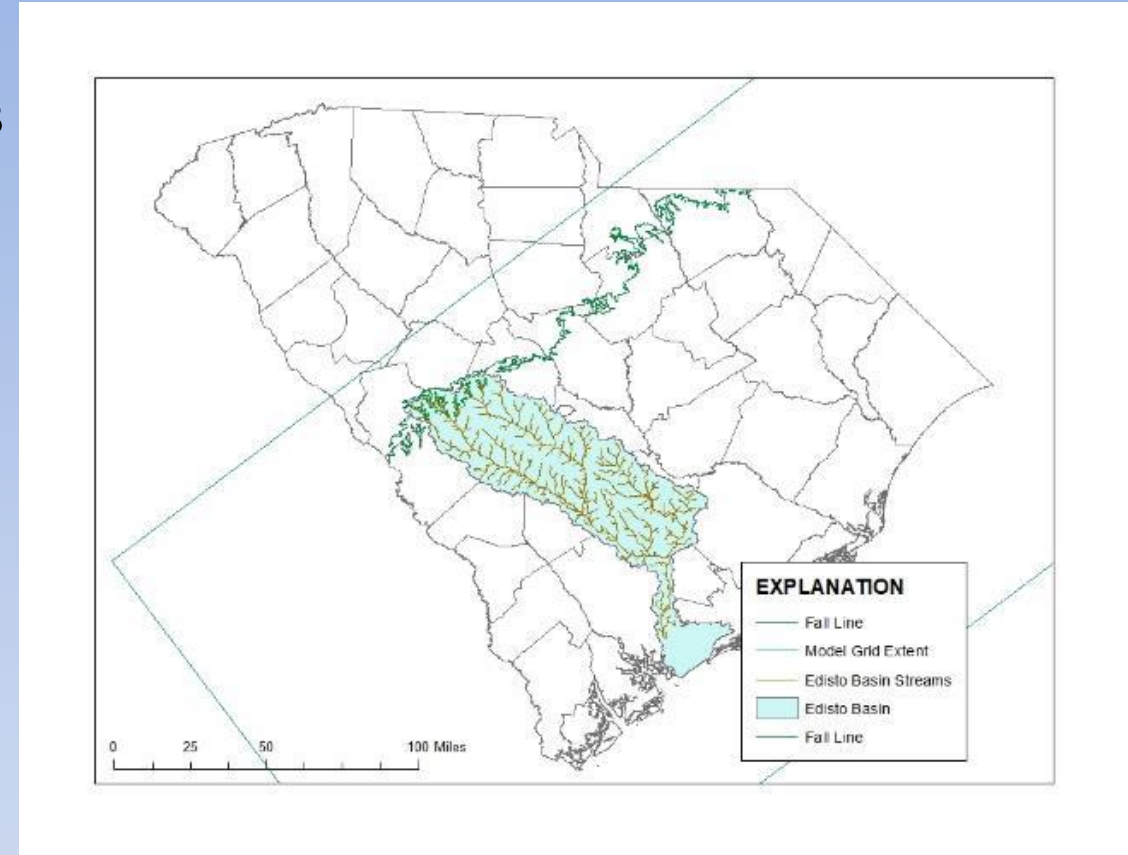
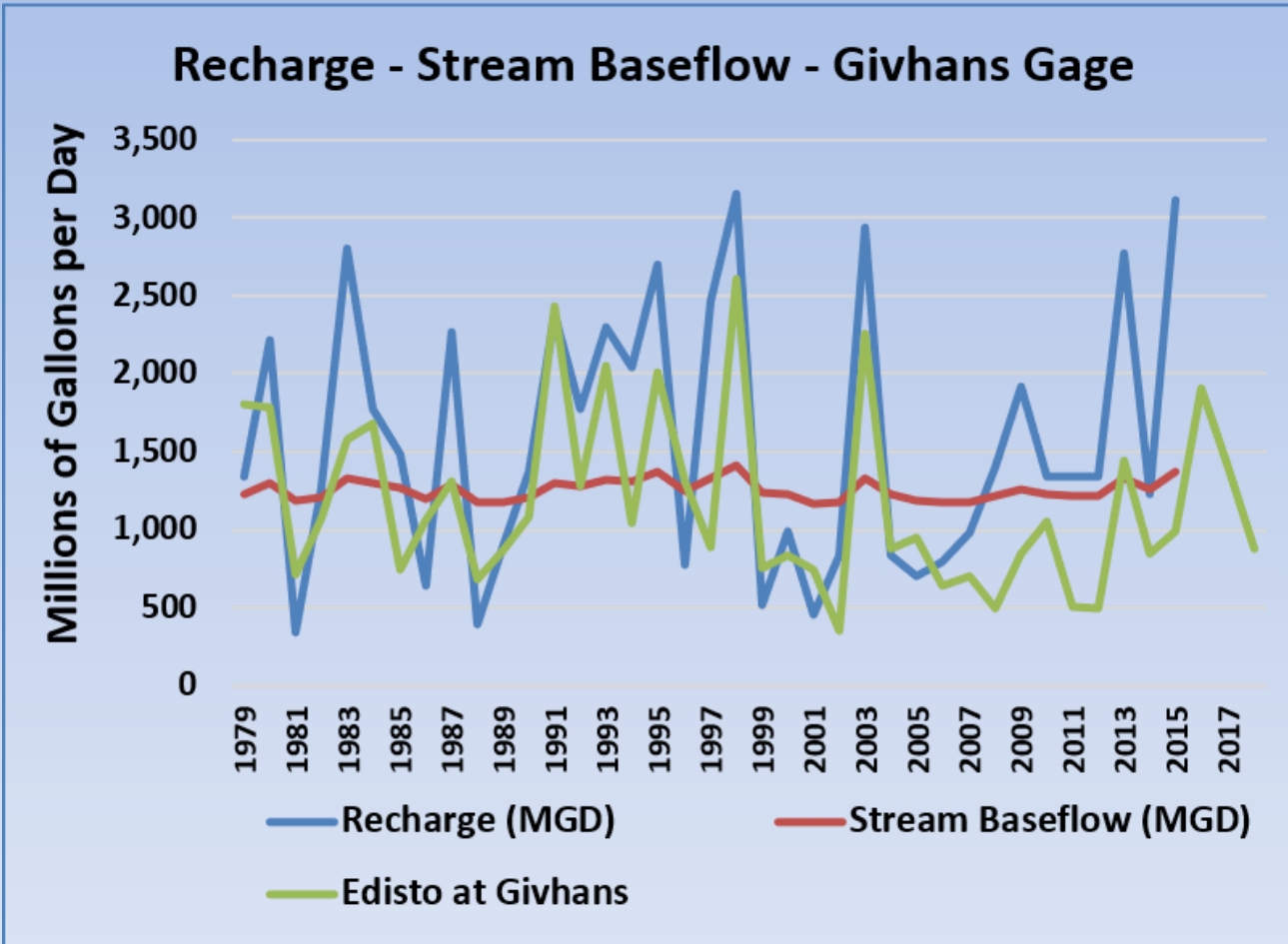
**Locations of
Stream gages
and basins**



Map Symbols
□ Drain

Edisto Basin

All Simulated
3,143 Square miles
2,011,352 Acres



Recharge (MGD)

Mean – 1,221

Max – 3,151 (1998)

Min – 344 (1981)

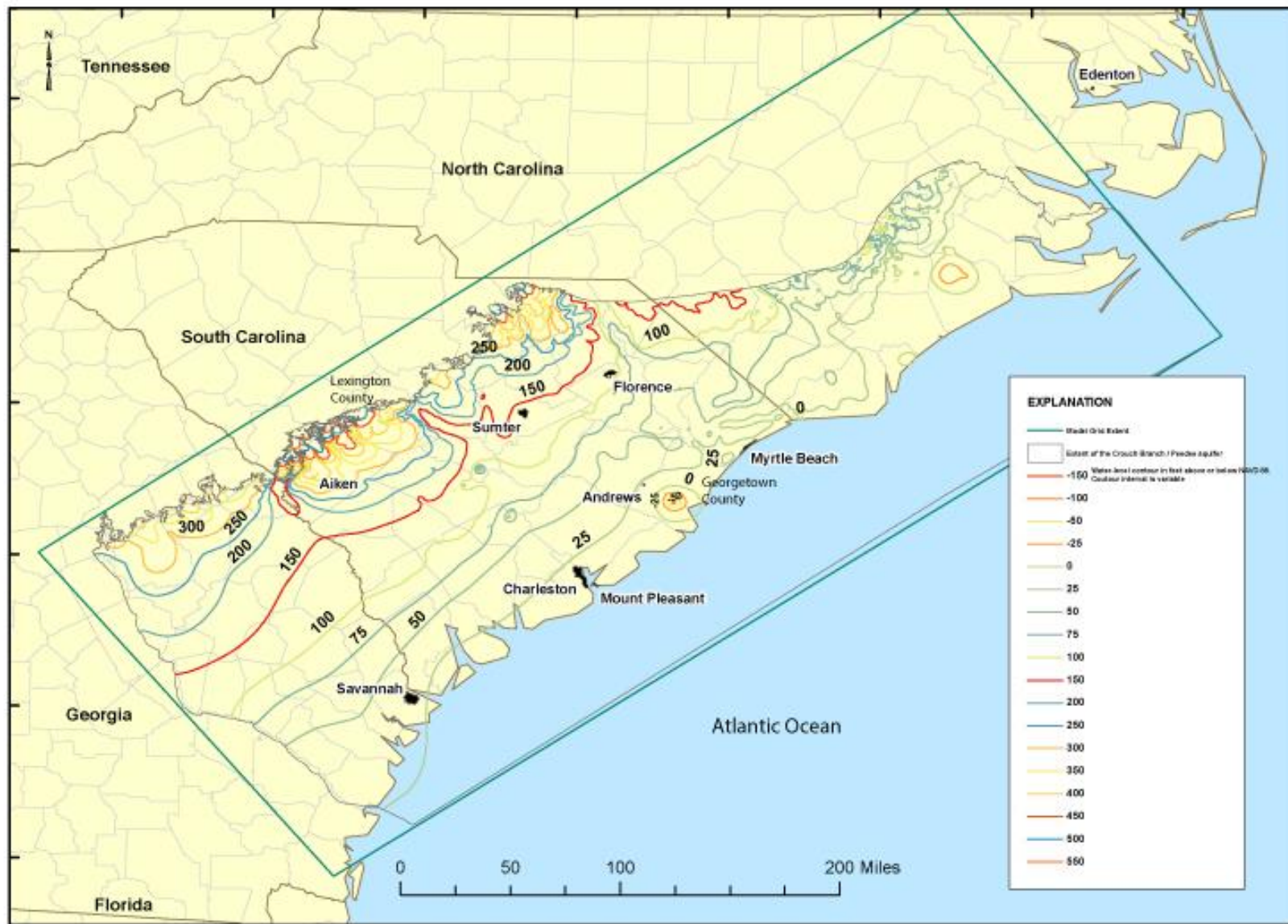
Stream Baseflow (MGD)

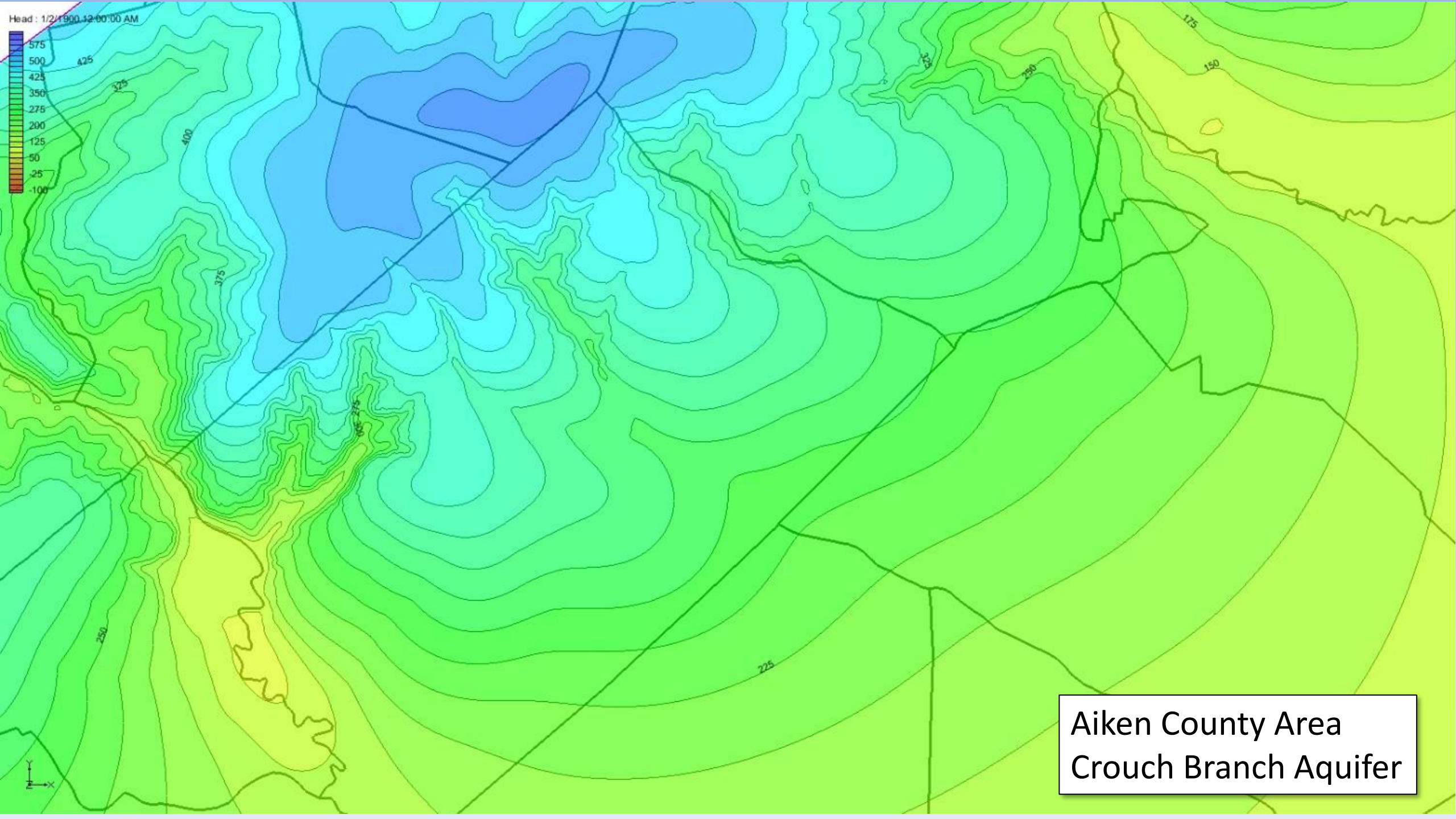
Mean – 1,254

Max – 1,407 (1998)

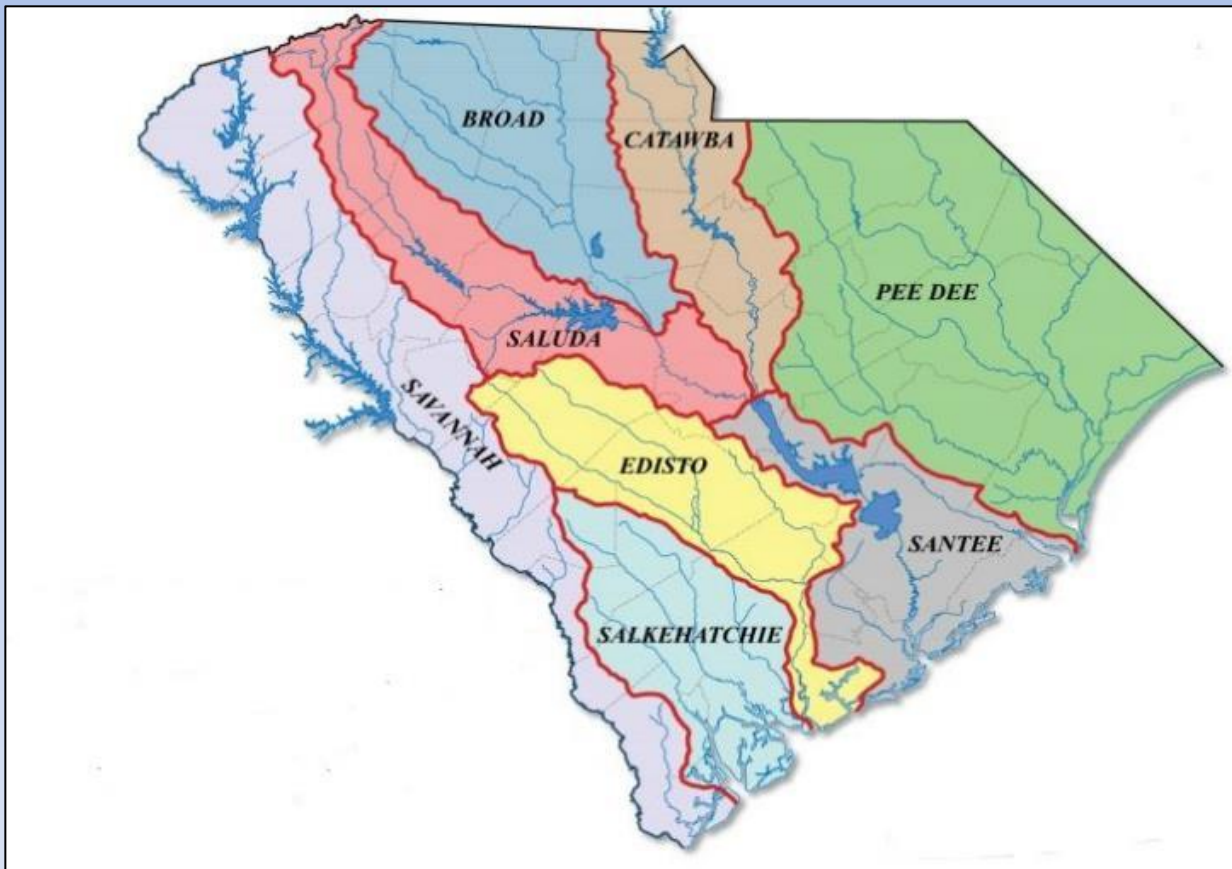
Min – 1,169 (2001)

Simulated 2015 GW levels for the Crouch Branch/Peedee aquifer

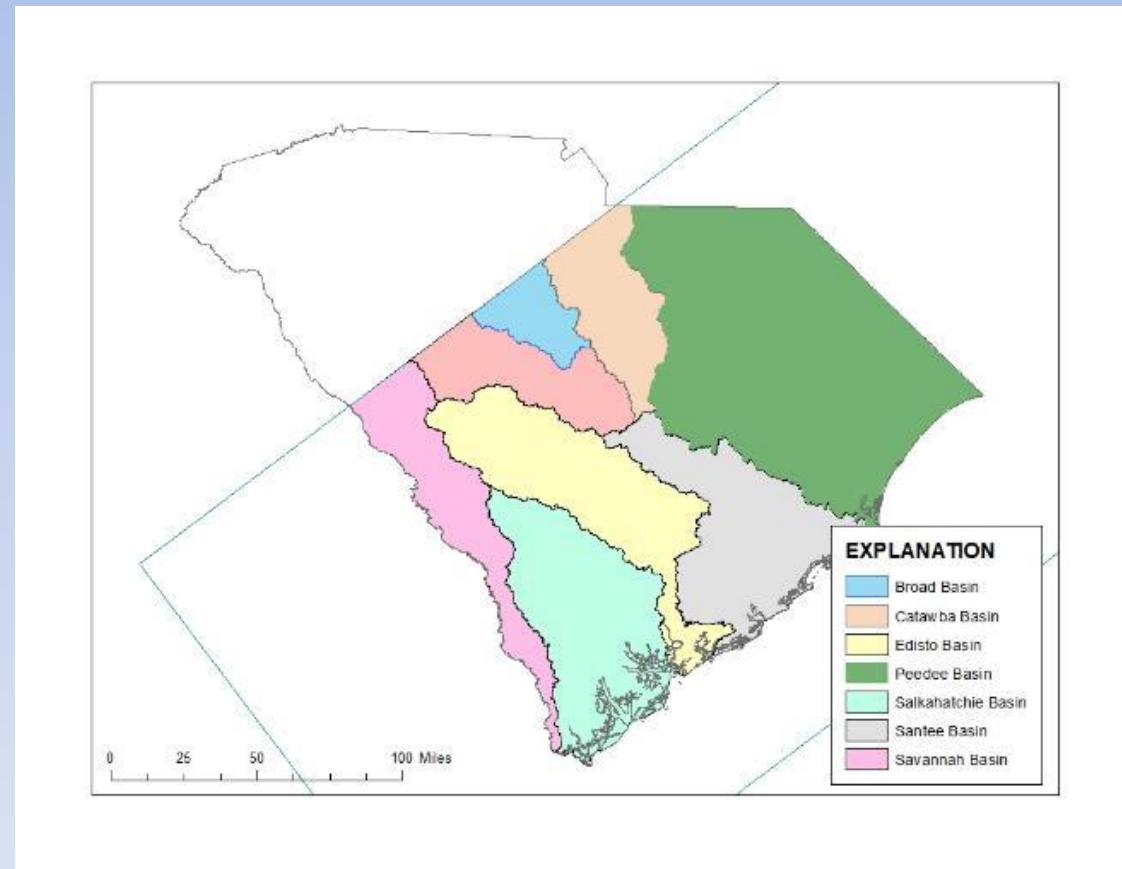




SC River Basins



Truncated River Basins



Groundwater Flow Model Limitations

- Based on limited data
- Simplification of the actual groundwater flow system
- Can limit the ability of the model to predict actual hydraulic conditions over time
- Accuracy and prediction capabilities of this model are affected by the finite-difference discretization, boundary conditions, hydraulic properties, and observations used in the model calibration
- Groundwater withdrawals simulated in the model underrepresent actual historical water use because pumping rates less than 3 million gallons per month are not required to be reported to the State agencies and, therefore, are unknown.



Proposed Groundwater Modeling Scenarios by USGS

Jimmy Clark

Matt Petkewich

Greg Cherry

Groundwater Scenarios

Predevelopment Groundwater Use

- Remove withdrawals and simulate levels prior to gw development
- Recharge rates from SWB model
- Focused on Edisto Basin

Current Groundwater Use

- Simulates current groundwater conditions from 2015-2065

Permitted Groundwater Use

- 2015-2065 simulation
- Maximum permitted pumping rates (Coastal Plain)
- Average historical (1979-2015) recharge rates

Business-as-Usual Water-Demand

- 2015-2065 simulation
- Assumes normal climate and moderate population/economic growth
- Average historical recharge

High Water-Demand Projection

- 2015-2065 simulation
- Assumes hot/dry climate and high population/economic growth
- Average historical recharge

Potential Additional Scenarios

- Availability
- Management strategies



Science Center



Field Office

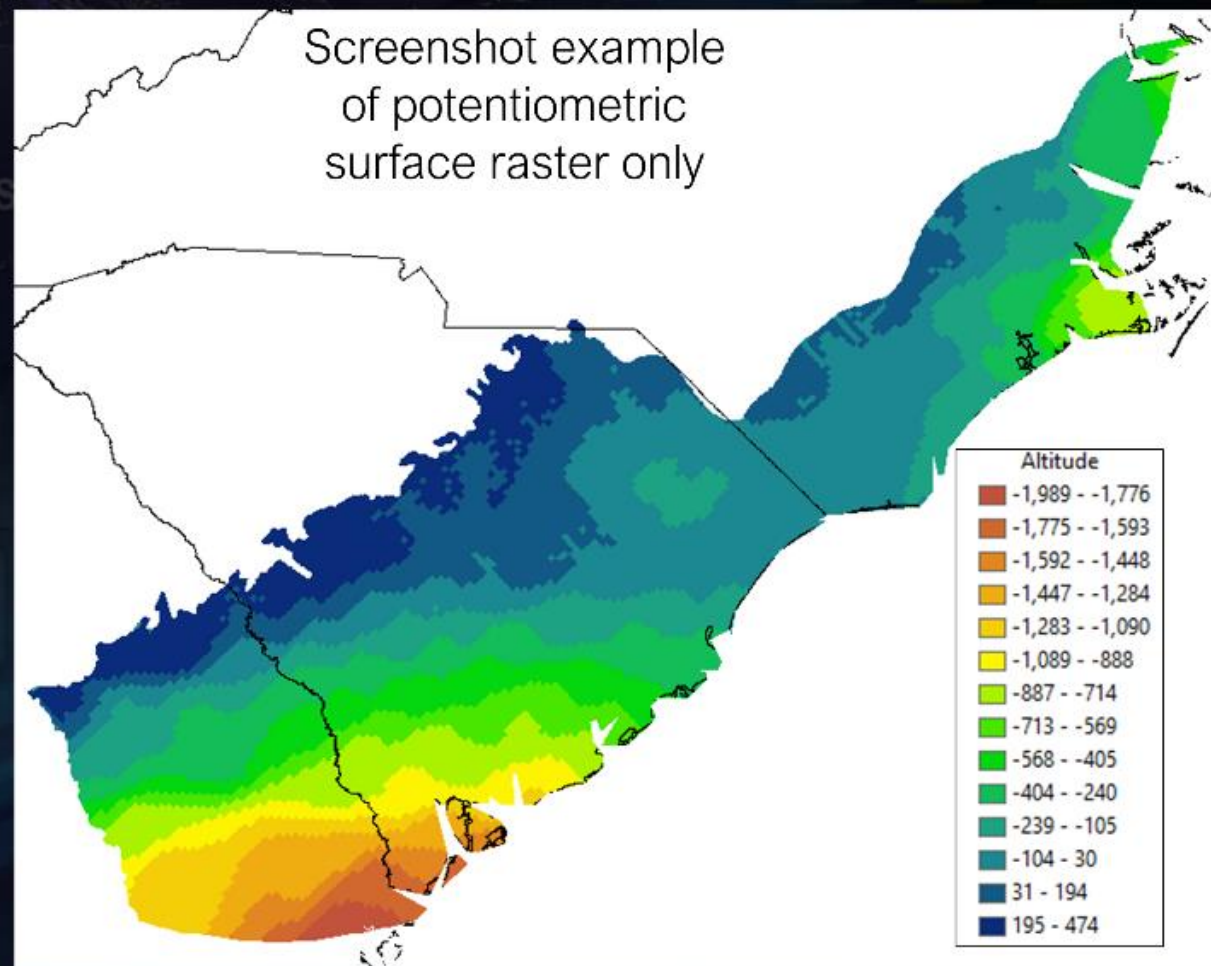
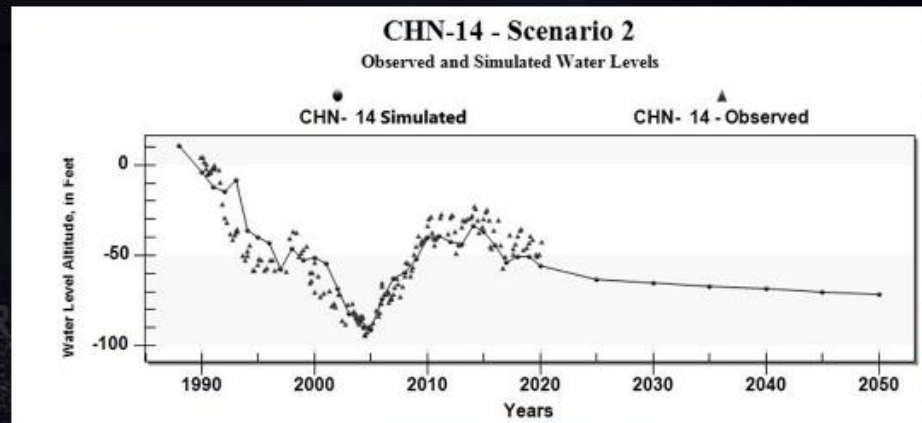
Deliverables

Meetings

- Presentations of scenario results
 - Plots
 - Potentiometric surface figures (raster)

Publications

- Data Release(s)
 - Model inputs, outputs, and metadata



Summary

- Revised and Updated SC Coastal Plain GW model
- Addition of new data
- Recharge model and data
- Surficial aquifer actively simulated
- Model limitations
- Planned scenarios



Questions?

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July 21 RBC Field Trip

Canoeing and CWS Intake Visit



July 21 RBC Field Trip

- Meet: 8:30am on July 21st at Colleton State Park leave by 9am.
- Depart the Park and travel by shuttle to Simmons Boat Landing.
- 6 miles trip by river to Weeks Landing (across the river from the state park). The trip will take around 2.5 – 3 hrs. depending on river level.
- **Bring:** Sunscreen, snacks, water, bug spray, dry bag, some experience paddling on a river, change of clothes.
- **Provided:** PFD, Paddles, boats, transportation.
- Following lunch at the Park, RBC members will drive to visit the Charleston Water System intake at Givhans Ferry.

Next Edisto RBC Meeting

Wed, Aug 18 – Regular RBC Meeting
Preliminary Agenda

Informational Topics

- Updated Surface Water Scenario Results CDM Smith
- Initial Groundwater Scenario Results USGS / DNR

RBC Discussion

- Discussion of Groundwater Performance Measures USGS / DNR / DHEC